Habital selection and conservation of the Aquatic Warbler in Hungary



Subjects

Introduction
Materials and methods
Results (Distribution, Population trends, Effects of flooding, The effects of drought and fire)
Discussion (Distribution, Effects of habitat changes on the population trend, Management plans)

Introduction

- First breeding record: 1971
- Continuous population increase with only one period of decrease (1999-2000)
 In spite of engeling search no other breeding site in Hungary was journal
 Ringing and taking blood samples carried
 - out in 2004

Results 1.Distribution



2. Population trends



year

Effects of floods

dispersal to suboptimal habitats

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Shift to new heighters, and whens

Habitat change e.g.: Alopecurus pratensis
 meadows->stands of Typha anglestiolia
 and Bolboschoenus maritimus

Fast reoccupation of former breeding sites and habitat types

3. The effects of drought and fire Droughty period of 2002 => 50% of the habitat in the core area was lost 30% of the habitat in the core Atea was burned Fast regenarion of the population (? <= population dispersal)

Discussion

- Distribution: only one site in Hungary, small core area, few satellite areas, large suitable, unoccupied areas
- Effects of habitat changes on the population : population increase due to decreasing grazing intensity (?) from 1971

Management plans

- Strictly protected species
- The needs of the AW play a key role in
 - outlining management plans in wetlands
- Hay-cutting is prohibited in breeding areas
- Water-management is optimized for the AW in the core area
- New fire control plan is under way

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Thank you for the attention!