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Presentation overview

- **★** GHG emission reduction goals to 2050
- ★ EU legislative framework to 2020
- ★ Biofuels and indirect land use change
- **★**Summary





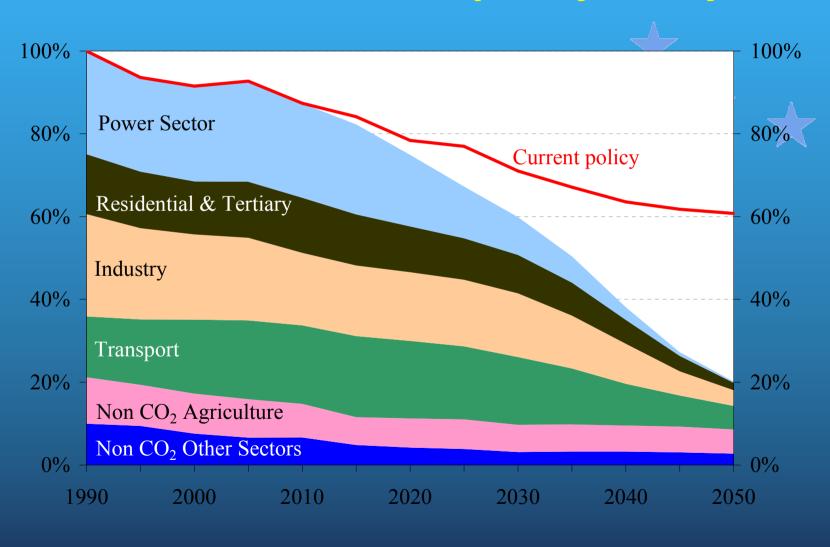




EU GHG reduction goals to 2050

- ★ Climate objective is to keep below 2 ° C increase
- **EU** strategy "2050 low economy road map"
 - published 8 March 2011
 - aims to achieve GHG emission reductions of 80-95% (compared to 1990) across all sectors of economy to 2050
 - For transport, this means reductions between 50-70% are needed

Low Carbon Road Map Trajectory



EU GHG reduction goals Transport

- Currently represents about a third of EU energy use and a quarter of EU GHG emissions
- → Only major EU sector where emissions are increasing –
 1.4% per year 1990-2004 (impact of growth is greater than
 that of technological improvements)
- **★** Transport White Paper
 - Published 28 March 2011
 - General challenges of transport system
 - Climate change strategy objective of -60%

Ways to decarbonise transport

Improve efficiency



Decarbonise energy used



Reduce demand

Transport 2020 targets

- Renewable Energy Directive
 - 20% renewable energy total
 - 10% in transport; biofuels major contributor (close to 9%) electrification of road and rail also playing a part
- ★ Fuel Quality Directive
 - 6% GHG reduction in road transport fuels
 - Biofuels major contributor, reductions in fossil fuel intensity.
 - Small contribution to reduced intensity also from improved processed at source (i.e. flaring and venting), and replacement of current fuels (electricity/natural gas).

Biofuels sustainability

- 🖈 Legislation contains criteria
 - preventing conversion of high carbon stock land and biodiversity loss (forests, grassland)
 - GHG minimum savings required compared to fossil fuels (35%, then 50-60%)
- ★ Biofuels can also lead to land use change/GHG indirectly-additional comodity demand
- ★ILUC impacts on GHG emissions to be reviewed and addressed if needed

Indirect land use change (ILUC)

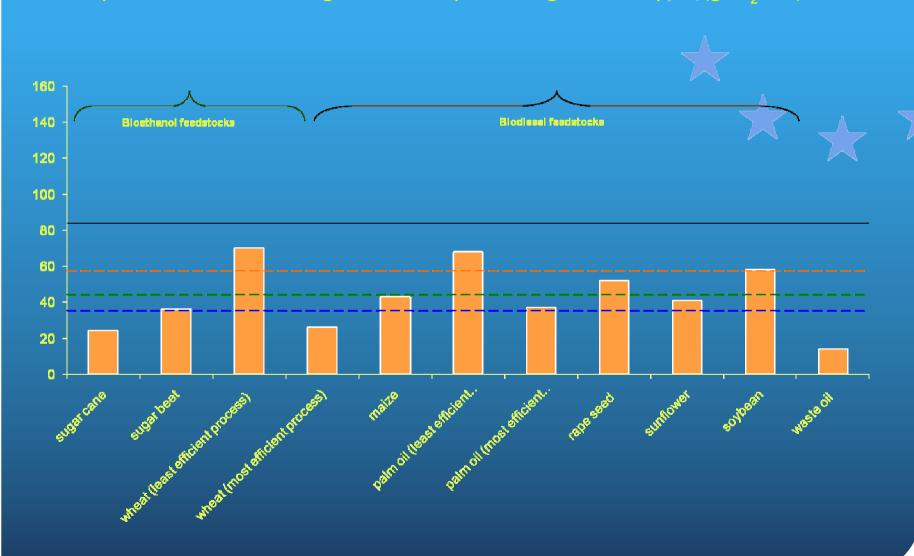
- Report adopted December 2010
- ★ Summary of work to date including modelling
- ★ Preliminary conclusion
 - ILUC can reduce the contribution of biofuels
 - If appropriate action based on precautionary principle
 - Significant uncertainties and limitations associated with models
- ★ Preparing IA with options + legislative proposal if appropriate by July 2011



Why is ILUC important?

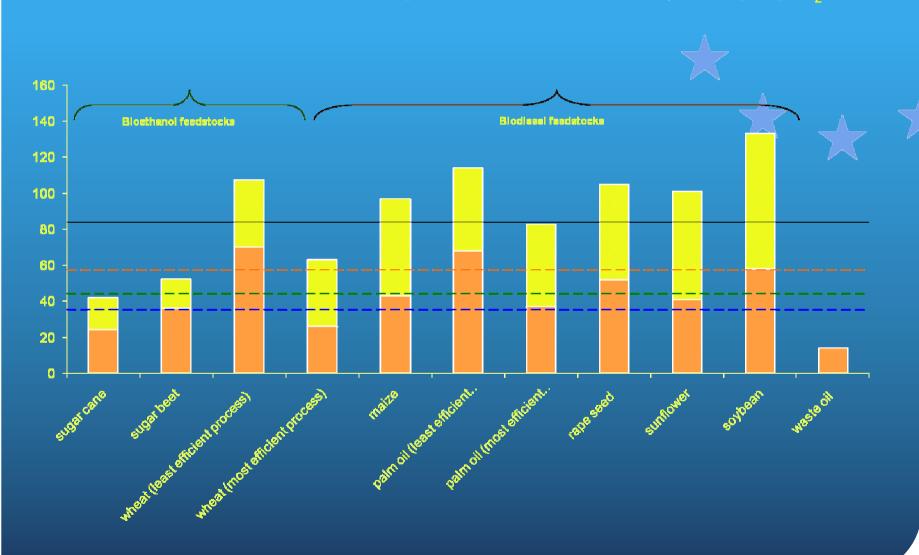
LCA biofuels

Lifecycle emissions including cultivation, processing and transport (gCO₂/MJ)



LCA biofuels (with ILUC)

Possible lifecycle emissions including estimated indirect land use change (gCO₂/MJ)



Summary

- 🖈 Significant GHG reductions in transport needed
- Biofuels contribute to decarbonising energy used in transport
- ★ILUC could reduce the GHG savings of biofuels significantly
- ★ Any shortfalls in emission savings will need to be met through additional reductions in efficiency or reduced consumption
- ★ Total life cycle emissions matter. The way the energy is produced can be more important than what form of energy it is!

Thank you for your attention



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